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(54) **KEYBOARD DEVICE WITH LUMINOUS KEY**

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(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC H01H 13/023

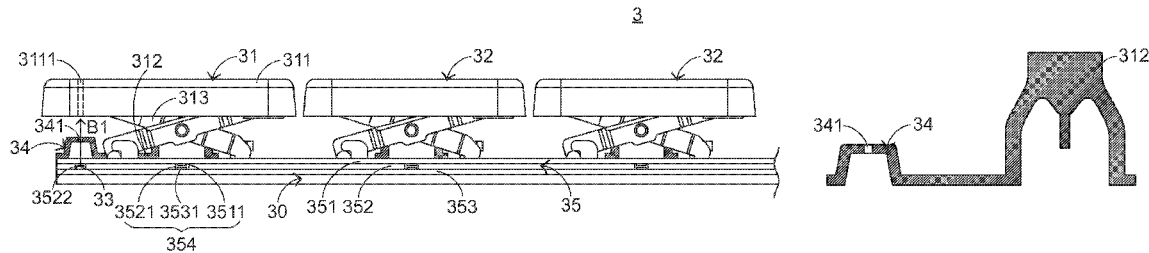
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See application file for complete search history.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A keyboard device with a luminous key is provided. The keyboard device includes at least one luminous key, a top-view light-emitting element, and a light shade. The top-view light-emitting element is used for emitting a light beam. The light shade is used for shading the light beam. Moreover, the light beam is transmissible through a light-outputting part of the light shade to illuminate the luminous key. The at least one luminous key includes at least one keycap and at least one elastic element. The elastic element and the light shade are integrally formed with each other. Since the total area of the bottom surfaces of the elastic element and the light shade is increased, the light shade can be securely fixed.

14 Claims, 9 Drawing Sheets



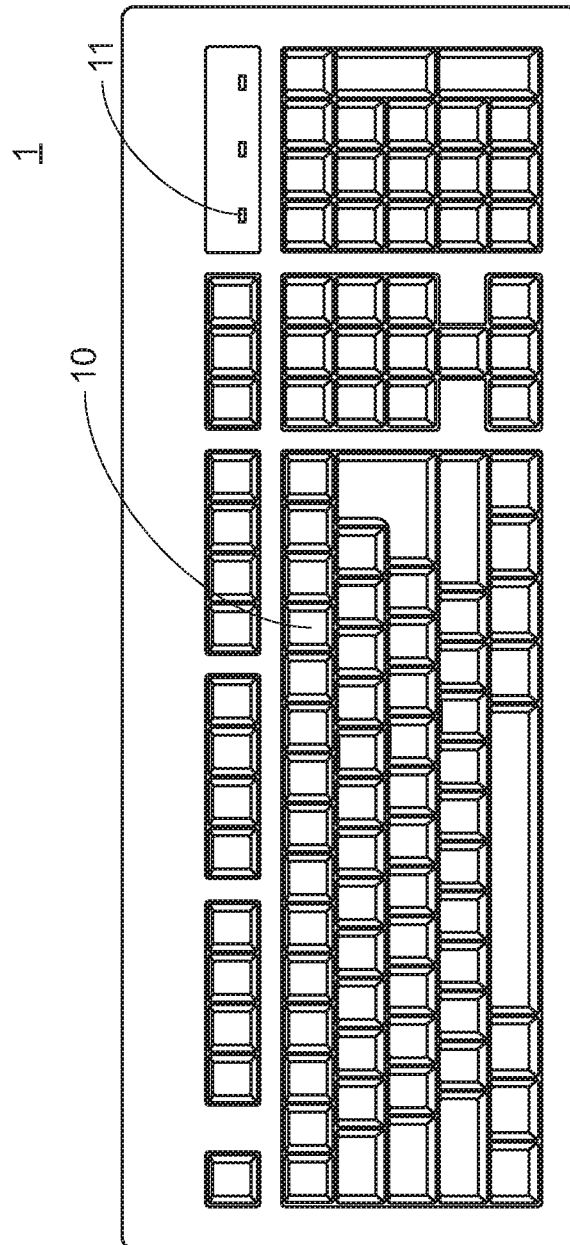


FIG. 1
PRIOR ART

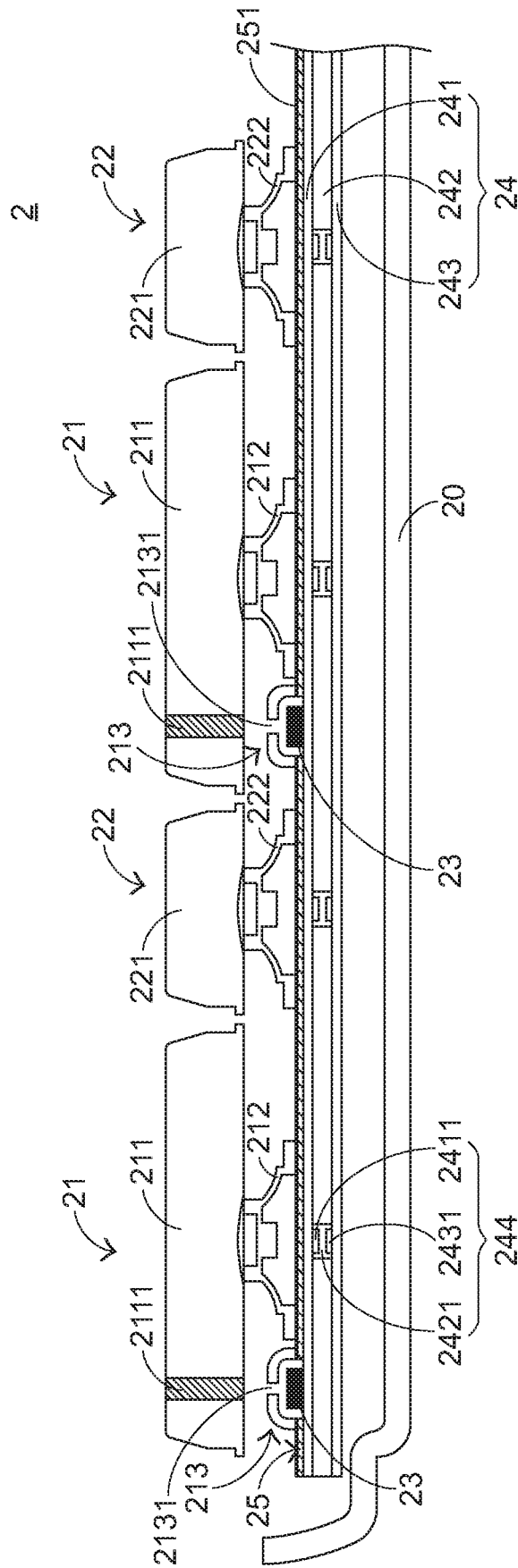
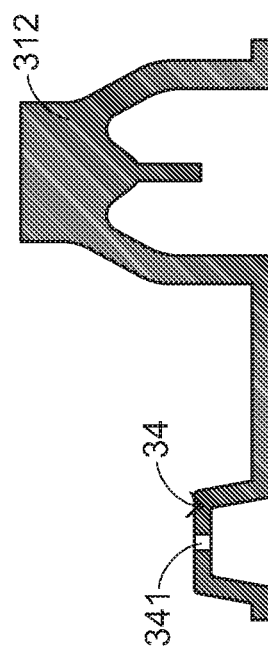
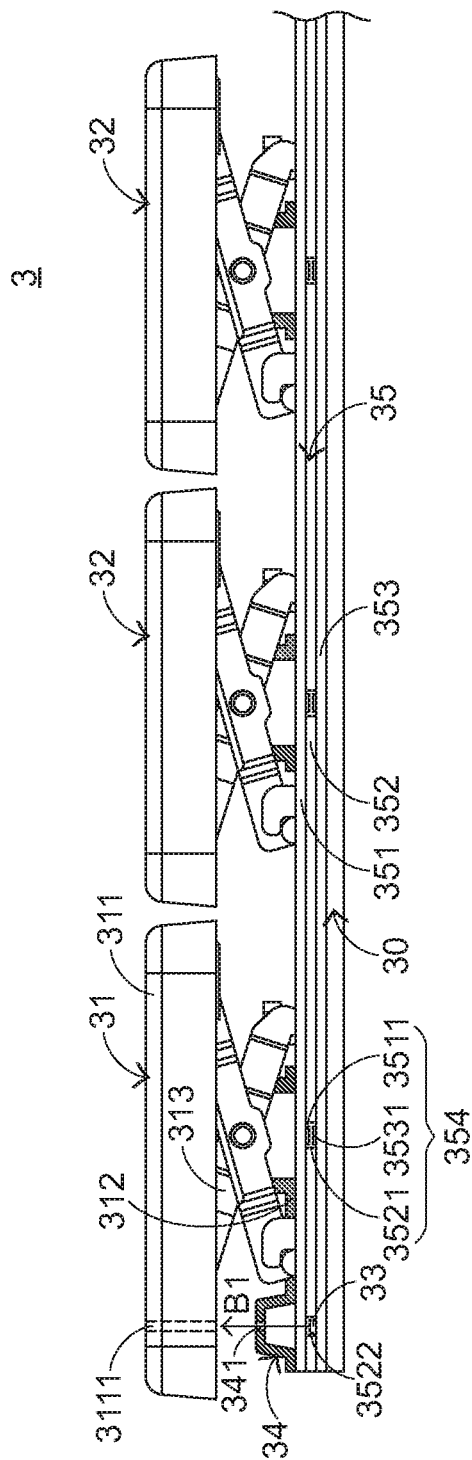
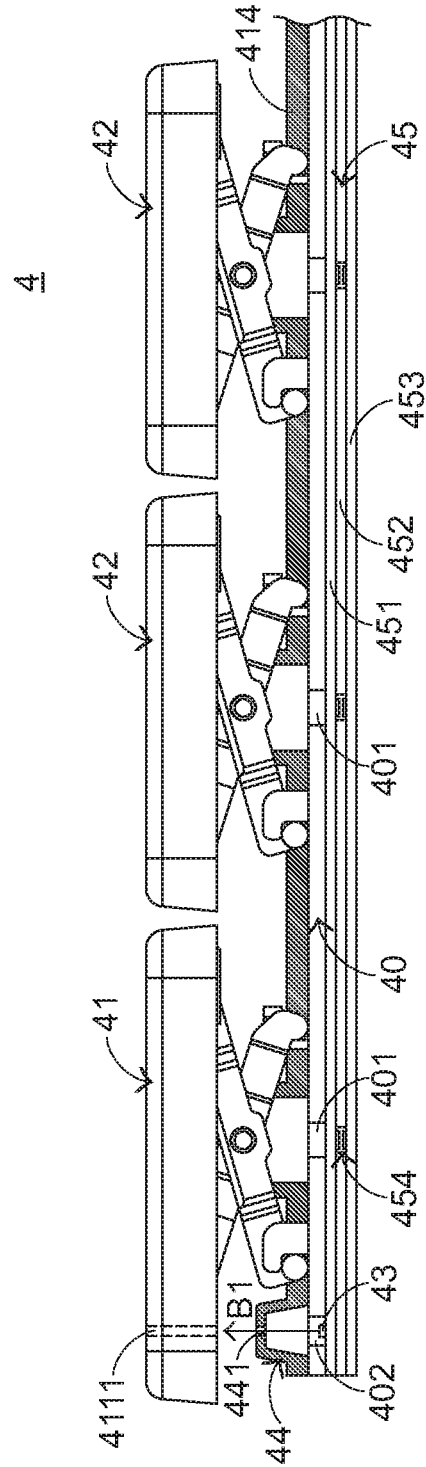
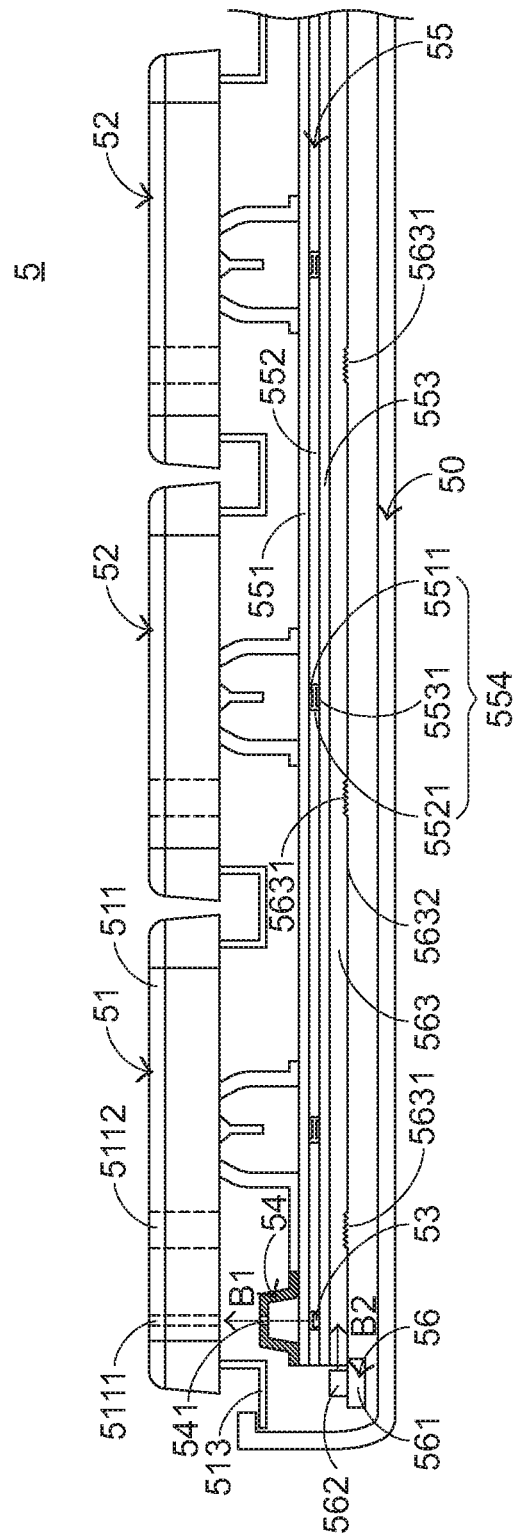


FIG. 2
PRIOR ART







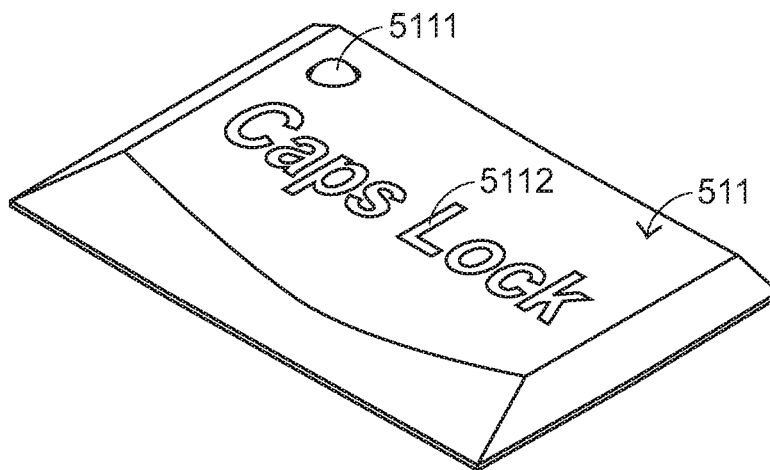


FIG. 7

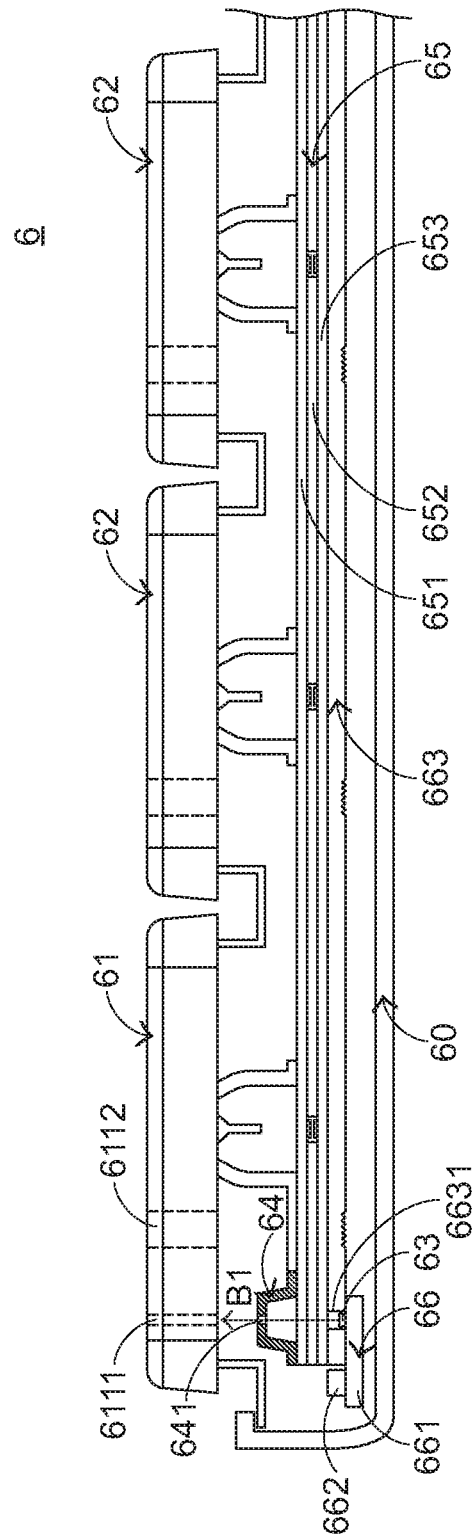


FIG.8

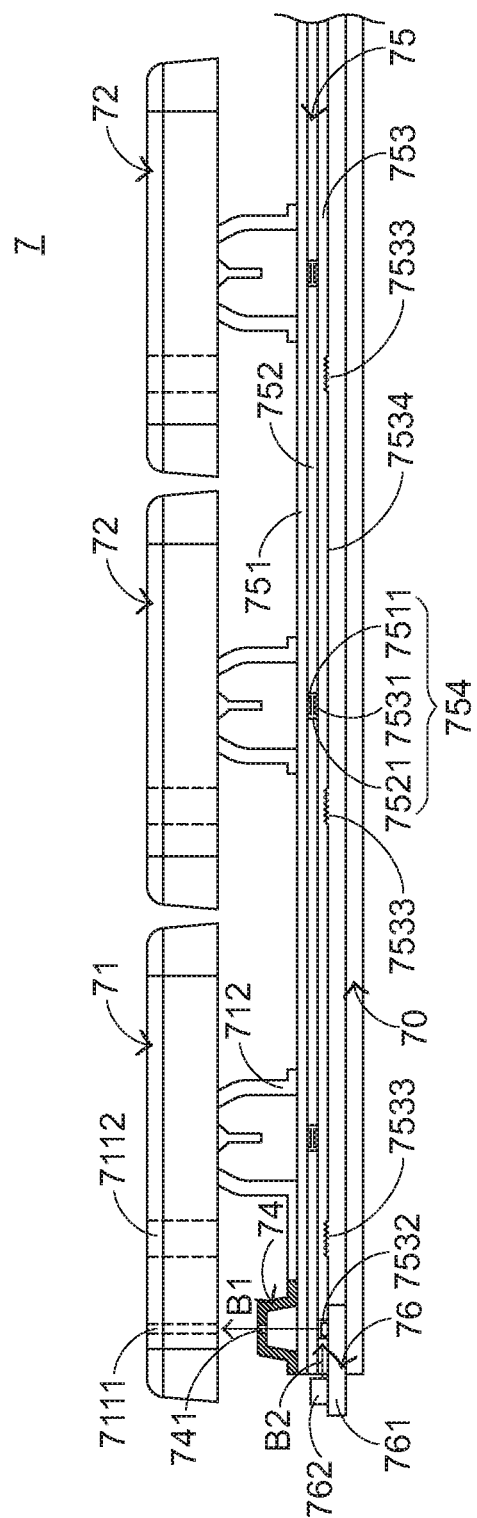


FIG. 9

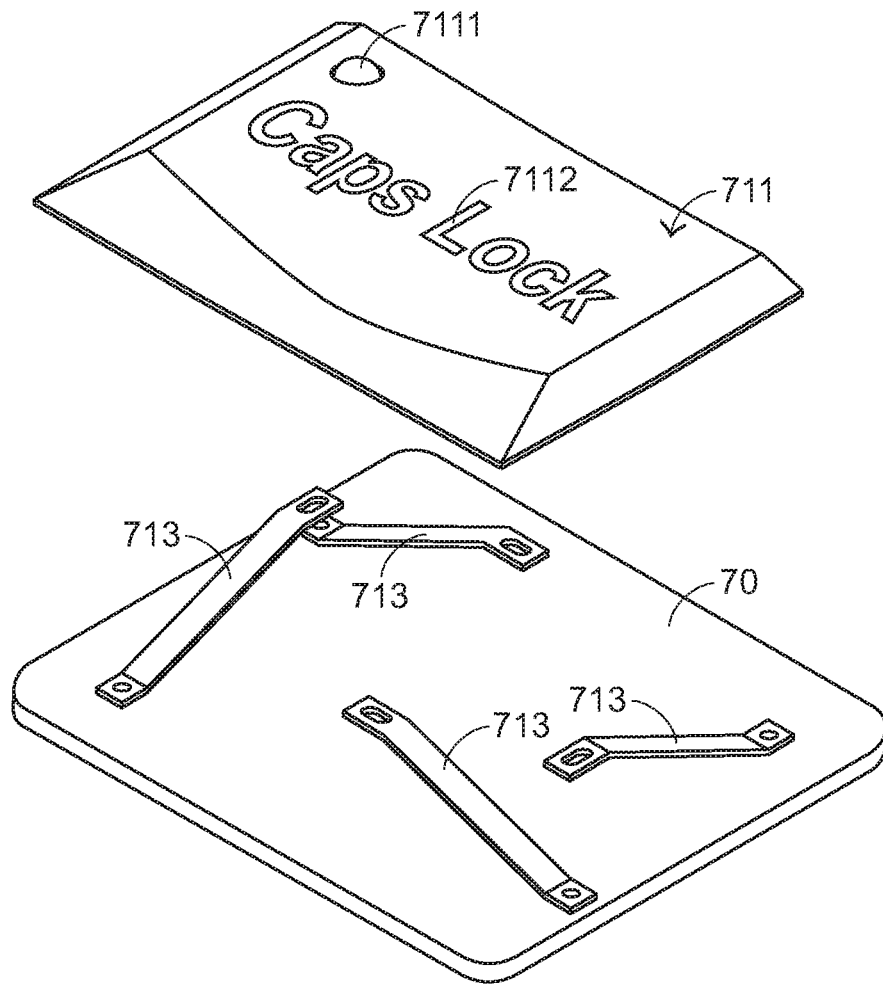


FIG.10

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KEYBOARD DEVICE WITH LUMINOUS KEY**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a keyboard device, and more particularly to a keyboard device with a luminous key.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Generally, the common input device of a computer system includes for example a mouse device, a keyboard device, a trackball device, or the like. Via the keyboard device, the user may input characters and symbols into the computer system. As a consequence, most users and most manufacturers of input devices pay much attention to the development of keyboard devices.

Hereinafter, the structures and the functions of a conventional keyboard device will be illustrated with reference to FIG. 1. FIG. 1 is a schematic view illustrating the outward appearance of a conventional keyboard device. As shown in FIG. 1, there are plural keys 10 and plural indicating lamps 11 on a surface of the conventional keyboard device 1. These keys 10 include ordinary keys, numeric keys, function keys, and the like. When one of these keys 10 is depressed by the user's finger, a corresponding signal is issued to the computer, and thus the computer executes a function corresponding to the depressed key. For example, when an ordinary key is depressed, a corresponding English letter or symbol is inputted into the computer. When a numeric key is depressed, a corresponding number is inputted into the computer. In addition, the function keys (F1-F12) can be programmed to provide various functions. The locations of the indicating lamps 11 correspond to the Caps lock key, the Number lock key and the Scroll lock key, respectively. In case that one of the Caps lock key, the Number lock key and the Scroll lock key is depressed, a corresponding specific function is enabled, and thus a corresponding indicating lamp 11 is turned on to result in a prompt. According to the illuminated indicating lamp, the user may realize that the corresponding one of the Caps lock key, the Number lock key and the Scroll lock key has been depressed and the corresponding function has been enabled. Since these indicating lamps 11 occupy additional layout space of the keyboard device 1, the indicating lamps become hindrance from reducing the volume of the keyboard device 1. Moreover, too many indicating lamps 11 may confuse the user. Under this circumstance, the user fails to accurately judge which key is correlated to the illuminated indicating lamp.

For solving the above drawbacks, a keyboard device with a luminous key is disclosed. FIG. 2 is a schematic cross-sectional view illustrating a conventional keyboard device with a luminous key. As shown in FIG. 2, the keyboard device 2 comprises a base 20, plural luminous keys 21, plural non-luminous keys 22, plural light-emitting elements 23, a membrane switch circuit member 24, and a plastic film layer 25. Each of the luminous keys 21 comprises a keycap 211 and an elastic element 212. Each of the non-luminous keys 22 comprises a keycap 221 and an elastic element 222. The keycap 211 of each luminous key 21 has a light-transmissible zone 2111. The plural light-emitting elements 23 are disposed on the membrane switch circuit member 24 and disposed under the light-transmissible zone 2111 of corresponding luminous keys 21. The plural light-emitting elements 23 are used for emitting plural light beams (not shown). The light beams may be transmitted through the light-transmissible zones 2111 of the luminous keys 21. The luminous keys 21 are specific function keys, which may be triggered to enable specific

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functions. For example, the luminous keys 21 includes the Caps lock key, the Number lock key, the Scroll lock key, and the like. Each of the luminous keys 21 further comprises a light shade 213 with an opening 2131. In addition, the corresponding light-emitting element 23 is partially enclosed by the light shade 213. Consequently, the light beams emitted by the light-emitting element 23 are only permitted to be transmitted through the opening 2131 of the light shade 213 without being scattered through the periphery of the light shade 213. As shown in FIG. 2, the light-emitting elements 23 are top-view light emitting diodes. In addition, the light shade 213 is made of a rubbery material.

The membrane switch circuit member 24 comprises an upper wiring board 241, a partition plate 242, and a lower wiring board 243. The upper wiring board 241 has plural upper contacts 2411 corresponding to the plural luminous keys 21 and the plural non-luminous keys 22. The partition plate 242 is disposed under the upper wiring board 241. In addition, the partition plate 242 has plural perforations 2421 corresponding to the plural upper contacts 2411. The lower wiring board 243 is disposed under the partition plate 242. In addition, the lower wiring board 243 has plural lower contacts 2431 corresponding to the plural perforations 2421. Each of the upper contacts 2411, the corresponding perforation 2421 and the corresponding lower contact 2431 are collectively defined as a key intersection 244. The plastic film layer 25 is disposed on the membrane switch circuit member 24. In addition, the plastic film layer 25 is coated with a black ink layer 251, so that the light beams are blocked by the plastic film layer 25. The base 20 is used for supporting the plural luminous keys 21, the plural non-luminous keys 22, the plural light-emitting elements 23, the membrane switch circuit member 24 and the plastic film layer 25.

When the keycap 211 of the key 21 or the keycap 221 of the key 22 is depressed by the user, the keycap 211 or 221 is moved downwardly to compress the elastic element 212 or 222, so that the corresponding upper contact 2411 is pushed by the elastic element 212 or 222. Consequently, the corresponding upper contact 2411 is inserted into the corresponding perforation 2421 to be contacted with the corresponding lower contact 2431. When the upper contact 2411 and the lower contact 2431 are contacted with each other, the corresponding key intersection 244 is electrically conducted, and thus a corresponding luminous key signal or a corresponding non-luminous key signal is generated. On the other hand, when the depressing force exerted on the keycap 211 or 221 is eliminated, an elastic force provided by the elastic element 212 or 222 is acted on the keycap 211 or 221. In response to the elastic force, the keycap 211 or 221 is moved upwardly and returned to an original position where the keycap 211 or 221 is not depressed.

In addition, when the keycap 211 of one of the luminous keys 21 is depressed and a corresponding luminous key signal is generated, the specific function corresponding to the depressed luminous key 21 is enabled. At the same time, the corresponding light-emitting element 23 is driven to emit a light beam in response to the luminous key signal. The light beam will be sequentially transmitted through the opening 2131 of the light shade 213 and the light-transmissible zone 2111 of the keycap 211. Since the light shade 213 has a function of centralizing the light beam, the intensity of the light beam outputted from the light-transmissible zone 2111 of the keycap 211 is increased to facilitate the user to realize whether the specific function corresponding to the depressed luminous key 21 is enabled.

Since the light shades 213 of the luminous keys 21 are attached on the plastic film layer 25 by adhesion, some draw-

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backs may possibly occur. For example, during the process of attaching the light shade **213** on the plastic film layer **25**, if the light shade **213** is suffered from misalignment, the opening **2131** of the light shade **213** fails to be aligned with the light-emitting element **23**. Under this circumstance, only a portion of the light beam from the light-emitting element **23** is transmitted through the opening **2131** of the light shade **213**. Whereas, the remainder portion of the light beam from the light-emitting element **23** is blocked by the light shade **213**. Consequently, the illuminating efficacy of the luminous key **21** is insufficient for the user to identify whether the luminous key **21** is illuminated. In addition, an assembling error is readily generated during the process of assembling the light shade **213** and the plastic film layer **25**. Consequently, after the keyboard **2** is produced, the light shade **213** is easily detached. If the light shade **213** is detached, the light beam emitted by the light-emitting element **23** will be scattered everywhere because the light beam is no longer centralized by the light shade **213**. Under this circumstance, the illuminating efficacy of the luminous key **21** is still insufficient.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a keyboard device with a luminous key, in which the light shade of the keyboard device can be securely fixed.

In accordance with an aspect of the present invention, there is provided a keyboard device. The keyboard device includes at least one luminous key, at least one top-view light-emitting element, and at least one light shade. The at least one luminous key includes at least one keycap and at least one elastic element. Each of the at least one keycap has a first light-outputting zone. The at least one elastic element is disposed under the at least one keycap and contacted with the at least one keycap for providing an elastic force to the at least one keycap. The at least one top-view light-emitting element is disposed under the corresponding first light-outputting zone for emitting at least one first light beam. The at least one first light beam is transmitted through the corresponding first light-outputting zone. The at least one light shade is connected with the at least one elastic element, and disposed over the at least one top-view light-emitting element. Each of the at least one light shade has a light-outputting part. The at least one first light beam is shaded by the at least one light shade, but the at least one first light beam is permitted to be transmitted through the corresponding light-outputting part and directed to the corresponding first light-outputting zone. Moreover, the at least one light shade and the at least one elastic element are integrally formed with each other.

The above objects and advantages of the present invention will become more readily apparent to those ordinarily skilled in the art after reviewing the following detailed description and accompanying drawings, in which:

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a schematic view illustrating the outward appearance of a conventional keyboard device;

FIG. 2 is a schematic cross-sectional view illustrating a conventional keyboard device with a luminous key;

FIG. 3 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a schematic partial cross-sectional view illustrating an elastic element and a light shade of the keyboard device according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

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FIG. 5 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a second embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 6 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a third embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 7 is a schematic view illustrating a keycap of the luminous key of the keyboard device according to the third embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 8 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 9 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a fifth embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 10 is a schematic partial exploded view illustrating the keyboard device according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

FIG. 3 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a first embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 4 is a schematic partial cross-sectional view illustrating an elastic element and a light shade of the keyboard device according to the first embodiment of the present invention. As shown in FIGS. 3 and 4, the keyboard device **3** comprises a supporting plate **30**, at least one luminous key **31**, plural non-luminous keys **32**, a top-view light-emitting element **33**, a light shade **34**, and a membrane switch circuit member **35**. The supporting plate **30** is disposed under the membrane switch circuit member **35** for supporting the at least one luminous key **31**, the plural non-luminous keys **32** and the membrane switch circuit member **35**.

The at least one luminous key **31** comprises at least one keycap **311**, at least one elastic element **312**, and at least one connecting element **313**. The at least one keycap **311** has a first light-outputting zone **3111**. The at least one elastic element **312** is disposed under the at least one keycap **311**. Moreover, the at least one elastic element **312** is contacted with the at least one keycap **311** for providing an elastic force to the at least one keycap **311**. The at least one connecting element **313** is arranged between the supporting plate **30** and the at least one keycap **311**. The at least one connecting element **313** is used for connecting the supporting plate **30** and the at least one keycap **311** and allowing the at least one keycap **311** to be moved upwardly or downwardly relative to the supporting plate **30**. In this embodiment, the first light-outputting zone **3111** is an indicating lamp cover, and the connecting element **313** is a scissors-type connecting element.

The top-view light-emitting element **33** is disposed under the first light-outputting zone **3111** for emitting a first light beam B1. The first light beam B1 is transmitted through the first light-outputting zone **3111**. In this embodiment, the top-view light-emitting element **33** is a top-view light emitting diode. The light shade **34** is connected with the at least one elastic element **312**, and disposed over the top-view light-emitting element **33**. The light shade **34** has a light-outputting part **341**. The first light beam B1 is shaded by the light shade **34**. However, the first light beam B1 can be transmitted through the light-outputting part **341**, and directed to the first light-outputting zone **3111**. In this embodiment, the light shade **34** and the at least one elastic element **312** are integrally formed with each other. Moreover, the light shade **34** and the at least one elastic element **312** are made of an opaque rub-

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bery material. Moreover, the light-outputting part **341** of the light shade **34** is an opening. Except that the elastic element of the non-luminous key **32** is not connected with the light shade **34** and the keycap of the non-luminous key **32** does not have the first light-outputting zone, the other structures of the non-luminous key **32** are substantially identical to those of the luminous key **31**, and are not redundantly described herein.

The membrane switch circuit member **35** is disposed under the at least one elastic element **312**. Moreover, the membrane switch circuit member **35** has at least one key intersection **354** corresponding to the at least one luminous key **31**. In this embodiment, the membrane switch circuit member **35** comprises an upper wiring board **351**, a partition plate **352**, and a lower wiring board **353**. The upper wiring board **351** has at least one upper contact **3511**. The partition plate **352** is disposed under the upper wiring board **351**. In addition, the partition plate **352** has at least one first perforation **3521** corresponding to the at least one upper contact **3511**. When the membrane switch circuit member **35** is depressed, the at least one upper contact **3511** is inserted into the at least one first perforation **3521**. The lower wiring board **353** is disposed under the partition plate **352**. In addition, the lower wiring board **353** has at least one lower contact **3531** corresponding to the at least one upper contact **3511**. The at least one upper contact **3511**, the at least one first perforation **3521** and the at least one lower contact **3531** are collectively defined as the at least one key intersection **354**. When the at least one keycap **311** is depressed by the user, the at least one connecting element **313** is correspondingly switched to a folded state. Consequently, the at least one keycap **311** is moved downwardly relative to the supporting plate **30**, and the at least one elastic element **312** is depressed and compressed by the at least one keycap **311**. Under this circumstance, since the at least one key intersection **354** of the membrane switch circuit member **35** is pushed by the at least one elastic element **312**, the at least one key intersection **354** is triggered to generate a corresponding luminous key signal. On the other hand, when the depressing force exerted on the at least one keycap **311** is eliminated, an elastic force provided by the at least one elastic element **312** is acted on the at least one keycap **311**. In response to the elastic force, the at least one keycap **311** is returned to an original position. The operating principles of depressing the non-luminous key **32** are substantially identical to those of the luminous key **31**, and are not redundantly described herein.

Please refer to FIG. **3** again. The partition plate **352** further comprises a second perforation **3522**. The second perforation **3522** is disposed under the light shade **34**. The top-view light-emitting element **33** is disposed on the lower wiring board **353**, and inserted into the second perforation **3522**. The upper wiring board **351** is light-transmissible for allowing the first light beam B1 to go through. Consequently, the first light beam B1 from the top-view light-emitting element **33** can be transmitted through the second perforation **3522**, the upper wiring board **351** and the light-outputting part **341**, and directed to the first light-outputting zone **3111**. Under this circumstance, the user can identify whether a specific function corresponding to the luminous key **31** is enabled by naked eyes according to the illuminating status of the first light-outputting zone **3111**. In this embodiment, the upper wiring board **351** is made of a light-transmissible material, so that the first light beam B1 can be transmitted through the upper wiring board **351**. An example of the light-transmissible material includes but is not limited to polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polycarbonate (PC) or polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA).

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In the above embodiment, the top-view light-emitting element **33** is electrically connected with the trace pattern of the lower wiring board **353**. For clarification and brevity, the trace pattern of the lower wiring board **353** is not shown in the drawings. Moreover, the second perforation **3522** of the partition plate **352** is used for accommodating the top-view light-emitting element **33**. If the top-view light-emitting element has a larger size, the upper wiring board further comprises an additional perforation corresponding to the top-view light-emitting element in order to facilitate accommodating the top-view light-emitting element. Moreover, the elastic element **312** of this embodiment is made of a rubbery material, and each elastic element **312** is aligned with one corresponding keycap **311** in a one-by-one arrangement.

From the above discussions, after the above components are combined together, the keyboard device **3** with the luminous key **31** is produced. When the luminous key **31** is depressed, the key intersection **354** of the membrane switch circuit member **35** is triggered to generate the luminous key signal. At the same time, the top-view light-emitting element **33** is driven to emit the first light beam B1 in response to the luminous key signal. Since the first light beam B1 is transmitted through the light-outputting part **341** of the light shade **34**, the first light beam B1 is centralized to be directed to the first light-outputting zone **3111** of the keycap **311**. Under this circumstance, the possibility of scattering and leaking the first light beam B1 will be minimized.

The present invention further provides a keyboard device of a second embodiment. FIG. **5** is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a second embodiment of the present invention. As shown in FIG. **5**, the keyboard device **4** comprises a supporting plate **40**, at least one luminous key **41**, plural non-luminous keys **42**, at least one top-view light-emitting element **43**, a light shade **44**, and a membrane switch circuit member **45**. The supporting plate **40** is disposed over the membrane switch circuit member **45** for supporting the at least one luminous key **41** and the plural non-luminous keys **42**. Except for the following three items, the structures of the keyboard device **4** of this embodiment are substantially identical to those of the keyboard device **3** of the first embodiment, and are not redundantly described herein.

Firstly, the at least one top-view light-emitting element **43** is disposed on an upper wiring board **451** of the membrane switch circuit member **45**, and electrically connected with the trace pattern of the upper wiring board **451**. For clarification and brevity, the trace pattern of the upper wiring board **451** is not shown in the drawings. Secondly, the supporting plate **40** is disposed over the membrane switch circuit member **45**, so that the at least one luminous key **41** is disposed on the supporting plate **40**. Moreover, the supporting plate **40** comprises at least one first aperture **401** and at least one second aperture **402**. The at least one first aperture **401** is aligned with the at least one luminous key **41**, and disposed under at least one elastic element **412** of the at least one luminous key **41**. When the at least one keycap **411** of the at least one luminous key **41** is depressed, a part of the at least one elastic element **412** is penetrated through the at least one first aperture **401** to trigger at least one key intersection **454** of the membrane switch circuit member **45**. The at least one second aperture **402** is aligned with the at least one top-view light-emitting element **43**. In addition, the at least one second aperture **402** is disposed over the at least one top-view light-emitting element **43**, and sheltered by the light shade **44**. The at least one second aperture **402** is used for accommodating the at least one top-view light-emitting element **43**. Consequently, the first light beam B1 from the at least one top-view light-

emitting element **43** can be transmitted through the at least one second aperture **402** and a light-outputting part **441** of the light shade **44**, and directed to a first light-outputting zone **4111** of the at least one keycap **411**. Thirdly, the keyboard device **4** comprises plural elastic elements **412**. In this embodiment, the plural elastic elements **412** are disposed on an elastic layer **414**. Moreover especially, the plural elastic elements **412** are integrally formed with the elastic layer **414**.

From the above discussions, after the above components are combined together, the keyboard device **4** with the luminous key **41** is produced. When the luminous key **41** is depressed, the key intersection **454** of the membrane switch circuit member **45** is triggered to generate a luminous key signal. At the same time, the top-view light-emitting element **43** is driven to emit the first light beam B1 in response to the luminous key signal. The first light beam B1 is directed to the first light-outputting zone **4111** of the keycap **411** in order to illuminate the keycap **411**.

The present invention further provides a keyboard device of a third embodiment. FIG. 6 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a third embodiment of the present invention. As shown in FIG. 6, the keyboard device **5** comprises a base **50**, at least one first luminous key **51**, plural second luminous keys **52**, at least one top-view light-emitting element **53**, a light shade **54**, a membrane switch circuit member **55**, and a backlight module **56**. The base **50** is disposed under the membrane switch circuit member **55** for supporting the at least one first luminous key **51**, the plural second luminous keys **52**, the membrane switch circuit member **55** and the backlight module **56**. Except for the following four items, the structures of the at least one top-view light-emitting element **53** and the membrane switch circuit member **55** of the keyboard device **5** and relationship between these components are substantially identical to those of the keyboard device **3** of the first embodiment, and are not redundantly described herein.

Firstly, the at least one first luminous key **51** of the keyboard device **5** of this embodiment comprises at least one keycap **511**, at least one elastic element **512**, and at least one key housing **513**. The at least one keycap **511** comprises a first light-outputting zone **5111** and at least one second light-outputting zone **5112**. The at least one elastic element **512** is disposed under the at least one keycap **511**. Moreover, the at least one elastic element **512** is contacted with the at least one keycap **511** for providing an elastic force to the at least one keycap **511**. The at least one key housing **513** is arranged between the base **50** and the at least one keycap **511** for supporting the at least one keycap **511**. In this embodiment, the first light-outputting zone **5111** is an indicating lamp cover, and the at least one second light-outputting zone **5112** is a laser-engraved light-transmissible zone with a laser-engraved character or a laser-engraved symbol. Examples of the first light-outputting zone **5111** and the second light-outputting zone **5112** are schematically shown in FIG. 7. Secondly, the keyboard device **5** of this embodiment further comprises the backlight module **56**. The backlight module **56** is disposed under the at least one first luminous key **51** and the plural second luminous keys **52** for emitting at least one second light beam B2 and allowing the at least one second light beam B2 to be transmitted through the second light-outputting zone **5112** of the at least one keycap **511**. In this embodiment, the backlight module **56** comprises a flexible circuit board **561**, at least one side-view light-emitting element **562**, and a light guide plate **563**. The flexible circuit board **561** is connected with the membrane switch circuit member **55**. The at least one side-view light-emitting element **562** is disposed on the flexible circuit board **561** for emitting the at least one second light

beam B2. By acquiring electricity from the membrane switch circuit member **55**, the flexible circuit board **561** is enabled to drive illumination of the at least one side-view light-emitting element **562**. The light guide plate **563** is disposed under the membrane switch circuit member **55** for guiding the at least one second light beam B2 to the second light-outputting zone **5112**. The light guide plate **563** has plural light-guiding structures **5631**. The plural light-guiding structures **5631** are formed on a bottom surface **5632** of the light guide plate **563** for guiding the at least one second light beam B2 to the second light-outputting zone **5112**. In this embodiment, the light-guiding structures **5631** are V-cut microstructures. Alternatively, in some other embodiments, the light-guiding structures are texturing structures, or the light-guiding structures are produced by forming a layer of light-guiding ink.

Thirdly, the light shade **54** of the keyboard device **5** of this embodiment is made of an opaque rubbery material, and the at least one elastic element **512** is made of a light-transmissible rubbery material. Moreover, the light shade **54** and the at least one elastic element **512** are produced by a double injection process. A light-outputting part **541** of the light shade **54** is a light-transmissible zone. Fourthly, each of the plural second luminous keys **52** has the second light-outputting zone **5112**. The structure and the function of the second light-outputting zone **5112** of the second luminous key **52** are substantially identical to those of the second light-outputting zone **5112** of the first luminous key **51**, and are not redundantly described herein.

From the above discussions, after the above components are combined together, the keyboard device **5** with the luminous key **51** is produced. When the luminous key **51** is depressed, the key intersection **554** of the membrane switch circuit member **55** is triggered to generate the luminous key signal. At the same time, the top-view light-emitting element **53** is driven to emit the at least one first light beam B1 in response to the luminous key signal. Since the at least one first light beam B1 is transmitted through the light-outputting part **541** of the light shade **54**, the at least one first light beam B1 is centralized to be directed to the first light-outputting zone **5111** of the keycap **511** in order to illuminate the keycap **511**. On the other hand, the at least one side-view light-emitting element **562** is used for emitting the at least one second light beam B2. The at least one second light beam B2 is guided to the second light-outputting zone **5112** of the keycap **511** by the light guide plate **563** in order to illuminate the laser-engraved character or the laser-engraved symbol of the second light-outputting zone **5112**. Especially, due to the arrangement of the light shade **54**, the first light beam B1 and the second light beam B2 are properly isolated from each other without being mixed.

The present invention further provides a keyboard device of a fourth embodiment. FIG. 8 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention. As shown in FIG. 8, the keyboard device **6** comprises a base **60**, at least one first luminous key **61**, plural second luminous keys **62**, a top-view light-emitting element **63**, a light shade **64**, a membrane switch circuit member **65**, and a backlight module **66**. Except for the following items, the structures of the components of the keyboard device **6** and relationship between these components are substantially identical to those of the keyboard device **5** of the third embodiment, and are not redundantly described herein.

In comparison with the keyboard device **5**, a light guide plate **663** of the backlight module **66** of the keyboard device **6** comprises a second perforation **6631**. The second perforation **6631** is disposed under the light shade **64**. The top-view

light-emitting element **63** and at least one side-view light-emitting element **662** of the backlight module **66** are both disposed on a flexible circuit board **661** of the backlight module **66**. Moreover, the top-view light-emitting element **63** is inserted into the second perforation **6631**. Consequently, a first light beam B1 from the top-view light-emitting element **63** can be transmitted through the second perforation **6631**, the membrane switch circuit member **65** and a light-outputting part **641** of the light shade **64**, and directed to a first light-outputting zone **6111** of the first luminous key **61**. In this embodiment, each of an upper wiring board **651**, a partition plate **652** and a lower wiring board **653** of the membrane switch circuit member **65** is made of a light-transmissible material, so that the first light beam B1 is permitted to go through. An example of the light-transmissible material includes but is not limited to polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polycarbonate (PC) or polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA).

The present invention further provides a keyboard device of a fifth embodiment. FIG. 9 is a schematic view illustrating a keyboard device with a luminous key according to a fifth embodiment of the present invention. As shown in FIG. 9, the keyboard device **7** comprises a supporting plate **70**, at least one first luminous key **71**, plural second luminous keys **72**, a top-view light-emitting element **73**, a light shade **74**, a membrane switch circuit member **75**, and a backlight module **76**. The supporting plate **70** is disposed under the membrane switch circuit member **75** and the backlight module **76** for supporting the at least one first luminous key **71**, the plural second luminous keys **72**, the membrane switch circuit member **75** and the backlight module **76**.

FIG. 10 is a schematic partial exploded view illustrating the keyboard device according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention. Please refer to FIGS. 9 and 10. The at least one luminous key **71** comprises at least one keycap **711**, at least one elastic element **712**, and at least one connecting element **713**. The at least one keycap **711** has a first light-outputting zone **7111** and a second light-outputting zone **7112**. The at least one elastic element **712** is disposed under the at least one keycap **711**. Moreover, the at least one elastic element **712** is contacted with the at least one keycap **711** for providing an elastic force to the at least one keycap **711**. The at least one connecting element **713** is arranged between the supporting plate **70** and the at least one keycap **711**. The at least one connecting element **713** is used for connecting the supporting plate **70** and the at least one keycap **711** and allowing the at least one keycap **711** to be moved upwardly and downwardly relative to the supporting plate **70**. In this embodiment, the first light-outputting zone **7111** is an indicating lamp cover, the second light-outputting zone **7112** is a laser-engraved light-transmissible zone, and the connecting element **713** is an elastic arm.

The top-view light-emitting element **73** is disposed under the first light-outputting zone **7111** for emitting a first light beam B1. The first light beam B1 is transmitted through the first light-outputting zone **7111**. The light shade **74** is connected with the at least one elastic element **712**, and disposed over the top-view light-emitting element **73**. The light shade **74** has a light-outputting part **741**. The first light beam B1 is shaded by the light shade **74**. However, the first light beam B1 can be transmitted through the light-outputting part **741**, and directed to the first light-outputting zone **7111**. In this embodiment, the light shade **74** and the at least one elastic element **712** are integrally formed with each other. Moreover, the light shade **74** and the at least one elastic element **712** are made of a light-transmissible rubbery material, wherein a paint-sprayed light-shading layer (not shown) is formed on a

surface of the light-transmissible light shade **74** for shading the first light beam B1. The light-outputting part **741** of the light shade **74** is a light-transmissible zone which is not sheltered by the light-shading layer. The structures of the second luminous keys **72** are substantially identical to those of the third embodiment, and are not redundantly described herein.

The membrane switch circuit member **75** is disposed under the at least one elastic element **712**. The membrane switch circuit member **75** has at least one key intersection **754** corresponding to the at least one luminous key **71**. In this embodiment, the membrane switch circuit member **75** comprises an upper wiring board **751**, a partition plate **752**, and a lower wiring board **753**. The upper wiring board **751** has at least one upper contact **7511**. The partition plate **752** is disposed under the upper wiring board **751**. In addition, the partition plate **752** has at least one first perforation **7521** corresponding to the at least one upper contact **7511**. When the membrane switch circuit member **75** is depressed, the at least one upper contact **7511** is inserted into the at least one first perforation **7521**. The lower wiring board **753** is disposed under the partition plate **752**. In addition, the lower wiring board **753** has at least one lower contact **7531** corresponding to the at least one upper contact **7511**. The at least one upper contact **7511**, the at least one first perforation **7521** and the at least one lower contact **7531** are collectively defined as the at least one key intersection **754**.

When the at least one keycap **711** is depressed by the user, the at least one connecting element **713** is correspondingly switched to a folded state. Consequently, the at least one keycap **711** is moved downwardly relative to the supporting plate **70**, and the at least one elastic element **712** is depressed and compressed by the at least one keycap **711**. Under this circumstance, since the at least one key intersection **754** is pushed by the at least one elastic element **712**, the at least one key intersection **754** is triggered to generate a corresponding luminous key signal. On the other hand, when the depressing force exerted on the at least one keycap **711** is eliminated, an elastic force provided by the at least one elastic element **712** is acted on the at least one keycap **711**. In response to the elastic force, the at least one keycap **711** is returned to an original position.

The backlight module **76** is disposed under the at least one first luminous key **71** for emitting at least one second light beam B2 and allowing the at least one second light beam B2 to be transmitted through the second light-outputting zone **7112** of the at least one keycap **711**. In this embodiment, the backlight module **76** comprises a flexible circuit board **761** and at least one side-view light-emitting element **762**. The flexible circuit board **761** is connected with the membrane switch circuit member **75**. The at least one side-view light-emitting element **762** is disposed on the flexible circuit board **761** for emitting the at least one second light beam B2.

As shown in FIG. 9, the lower wiring board **753** further comprises a second perforation **7532** and plural light-guiding structures **7533**. The second perforation **7532** is disposed under the light shade **74**. The plural light-guiding structures **7533** are formed on a bottom surface **7534** of the lower wiring board **753**. The top-view light-emitting element **73**, which is disposed on the flexible circuit board **761**, is inserted into the second perforation **7532**. The upper wiring board **751** and the partition plate **752** are light-transmissible for allowing the first light beam B1 to go through. Consequently, the first light beam B1 from the top-view light-emitting element **73** can be transmitted through the second perforation **7532**, the partition plate **752**, the upper wiring board **751** and the light-outputting part **741**, and directed to the first light-outputting zone **7111**. Under this circumstance, the user can identify whether a

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specific function corresponding to the luminous key **71** is enabled by naked eyes according to the illuminating status of the first light-outputting zone **7111**. In this embodiment, each of an upper wiring board **751**, a partition plate **752** and a lower wiring board **753** is made of a light-transmissible material, so that the first light beam B1 is permitted to go through. An example of the light-transmissible material includes but is not limited to polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polycarbonate (PC) or polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA).

Moreover, the plural light-guiding structures **7533** on the lower wiring board **753** are used for guiding the at least one second light beam B2 to the second light-outputting zone **7112**. In this embodiment, each of the light-guiding structures **7533** is a V-cut microstructure, a texturing structure, or a light-guiding ink layer. That is, in this embodiment, the lower wiring board **753** is also used as a light guide plate. By acquiring electricity from the membrane switch circuit member **75**, the flexible circuit board **761** is enabled to drive illumination of the top-view light-emitting element **73** and the at least one side-view light-emitting element **762**.

From the above discussions, after the above components are combined together, the keyboard device **7** with the luminous key **71** is produced. Moreover, since the lower wiring board **753** can be used to replace the light guide plate, it is not necessary to install the light guide plate on the keyboard device **7** of this embodiment. Consequently, the overall height of the keyboard device **7** is reduced, and the design of this embodiment is helpful to meet the requirement of the light weightiness and slimness.

Moreover, in the keyboard device of the third, fourth or fifth embodiment, the backlight module may be further equipped with a reflector. The reflector is disposed under the light guide plate or the lower wiring board which is used as the light guide plate to reflect the second light beam, thereby increasing the amount of the light beam that is directed to the second light-outputting zone.

From the above descriptions, the present invention provides a keyboard device with a luminous key. The elastic element and the light shade of the keyboard device are integrally formed with each other. Consequently, the contact area between the bottom surfaces of the elastic element and the light shade and the membrane switch circuit member or the supporting plate is increased. Under this circumstance, the possibility of detaching the light shade is minimized, and the illuminating efficacy of the luminous key is not impaired. Moreover, due to the arrangement of the light shade, the first light beam and the second light beam are properly isolated from each other without being mixed. Consequently, the illuminating efficacy of the luminous key is further enhanced. Moreover, since a part of the membrane switch circuit member of the keyboard device may be used to replace the light guide plate, the overall height and the overall volume of the keyboard device are both reduced.

While the invention has been described in terms of what is presently considered to be the most practical and preferred embodiments, it is to be understood that the invention needs not be limited to the disclosed embodiment. On the contrary, it is intended to cover various modifications and similar arrangements included within the spirit and scope of the appended claims which are to be accorded with the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and similar structures.

What is claimed is:

1. A keyboard device, comprising:

at least one luminous key comprising at least one keycap and at least one elastic element, wherein each of said at least one keycap has a first light-outputting zone,

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wherein said at least one elastic element is disposed under said at least one keycap and contacted with said at least one keycap for providing an elastic force to said at least one keycap;

at least one top-view light-emitting element disposed under said corresponding first light-outputting zone for emitting at least one first light beam, wherein said at least one first light beam is transmitted through said corresponding first light-outputting zone;

at least one light shade connected with said at least one elastic element, and disposed over said at least one top-view light-emitting element, wherein each of said at least one light shade has a light-outputting part, wherein said at least one first light beam is shaded by said at least one light shade, but said at least one first light beam is permitted to be transmitted through said corresponding light-outputting part and directed to said corresponding first light-outputting zone, wherein said at least one light shade and said at least one elastic element are integrally formed with each other; and

a membrane switch circuit member, which is disposed under said at least one elastic element, wherein said membrane switch circuit member has at least one key intersection corresponding to said at least one luminous key, wherein said membrane switch circuit member comprises:

an upper wiring board having at least one upper contact; a partition plate disposed under said upper wiring board, and having at least one first perforation corresponding to said at least one upper contact, wherein when said membrane switch circuit member is depressed, said at least one upper contact is inserted into said at least one first perforation; and

a lower wiring board disposed under said partition plate, and having at least one lower contact corresponding to said at least one upper contact, wherein said at least one upper contact, said at least one first perforation and said at least one lower contact are collectively defined as said at least one key intersection,

wherein said partition plate further comprises at least one second perforation, wherein said at least one second perforation is disposed under said at least one light shade, and at least one top-view light-emitting element is disposed on said lower wiring board and inserted into said at least one second perforation, wherein said at least one first light beam from said at least one top-view light-emitting element is transmitted through said at least one second perforation, said upper wiring board and said corresponding light-outputting part and directed to said corresponding first light-outputting zone.

2. The keyboard device according to claim 1, wherein said at least one light shade is made of an opaque rubbery material, and said at least one elastic element is made of a light-transmissible rubbery material, wherein said at least one light shade and said at least one elastic element are produced by a double injection process.

3. The keyboard device according to claim 1, wherein said at least one light shade and said at least one elastic element are made of a light-transmissible rubbery material, wherein a paint-sprayed light-shading layer is formed on a surface of said at least one light shade for shading said at least one first light beam.

4. The keyboard device according to claim 1, wherein said light-outputting part is an opening or a light-transmissible zone.

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5. The keyboard device according to claim 1, wherein said upper wiring board is made of a light-transmissible material, wherein said light-transmissible material is polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polycarbonate (PC) or polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA).

6. The keyboard device according to claim 1, further comprising a backlight module for emitting at least one second light beam and allowing said at least one second light beam to be transmitted through at least one second light-outputting zone of said at least one keycap, wherein said backlight module comprises:

a flexible circuit board connected with said membrane switch circuit member; and

at least one side-view light-emitting element disposed on said flexible circuit board for emitting said at least one second light beam.

7. The keyboard device according to claim 6, wherein said lower wiring board further comprises plural light-guiding structures, wherein said plural light-guiding structures are formed on a bottom surface of said lower wiring board for guiding said at least one second light beam to said at least one second light-outputting zone, wherein each of said light-guiding structures is a V-cut microstructure, a texturing structure or a light-guiding ink layer.

8. The keyboard device according to claim 6, wherein said backlight module further comprises a light guide plate, and said light guide plate is disposed under said membrane switch circuit member for guiding said at least one second light beam to said at least one second light-outputting zone, wherein said light guide plate comprises plural light-guiding structures, and said plural light-guiding structures are formed on a bottom surface of said light guide plate for guiding said at least one second light beam to said at least one second light-outputting zone, wherein each of said light-guiding structures is a V-cut microstructure, a texturing structure or a light-guiding ink layer.

9. The keyboard device according to claim 1, wherein said upper wiring board, said partition plate and said lower wiring board are all made of a light-transmissible material, wherein said light-transmissible material is polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polycarbonate (PC) or polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA).

10. The keyboard device according to claim 1, further comprising a supporting plate, which is disposed under said at least one luminous key for supporting said at least one luminous key, wherein said supporting plate comprises at least one aperture under said at least one elastic element, and a part of said at least one elastic element is allowed to be penetrated through said at least one aperture to trigger said membrane switch circuit member, wherein each of said at least one luminous key further comprises a connecting element between said supporting plate and said corresponding keycap for connecting said supporting plate and said corresponding keycap, and allowing said corresponding keycap to be moved upwardly and downwardly relative to said supporting plate, wherein when said at least one keycap is depressed, said at least one elastic element is compressed and said membrane switch circuit member is pushed by said at least one elastic element, so that said membrane switch circuit member is triggered to generate a luminous key signal, wherein when a depressing force exerted on said at least one keycap is eliminated, said at least one keycap is returned to an original position in response to said elastic force provided by said at least one elastic element.

11. The keyboard device according to claim 1, further comprising a supporting plate, which is disposed under said membrane switch circuit member for supporting said at least

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one luminous key and said membrane switch circuit module, wherein each of said at least one luminous key comprises a connecting element between said supporting plate and said corresponding keycap for connecting said supporting plate and said corresponding keycap, and allowing said corresponding keycap to be moved upwardly and downwardly relative to said supporting plate, wherein when said at least one keycap is depressed, said at least one elastic element is compressed and said membrane switch circuit module is pushed by said at least one elastic element, so that said membrane switch circuit member is triggered to generate a luminous key signal, wherein when a depressing force exerted on said at least one keycap is eliminated, said at least one keycap is returned to an original position in response to said elastic force provided by said at least one elastic element.

12. The keyboard device according to claim 1, further comprising a base for supporting said at least one luminous key, wherein said at least one luminous key further comprises at least one key housing between said base and said at least one keycap for supporting said at least one keycap, wherein when said at least one keycap is depressed, said at least one elastic element is compressed and said membrane switch circuit member is pushed by said at least one elastic element, so that said membrane switch circuit member is triggered to generate a luminous key signal, wherein when a depressing force exerted on said at least one keycap is eliminated, said at least one keycap is returned to an original position in response to said elastic force provided by said at least one elastic element.

13. A keyboard device, comprising:

at least one luminous key comprising at least one keycap and at least one elastic element, wherein each of said at least one keycap has a first light-outputting zone, wherein said at least one elastic element is disposed under said at least one keycap and contacted with said at least one keycap for providing an elastic force to said at least one keycap;

at least one top-view light-emitting element disposed under said corresponding first light-outputting zone for emitting at least one first light beam, wherein said at least one first light beam is transmitted through said corresponding first light-outputting zone;

at least one light shade connected with said at least one elastic element, and disposed over said at least one top-view light-emitting element, wherein each of said at least one light shade has a light-outputting part, wherein said at least one first light beam is shaded by said at least one light shade, but said at least one first light beam is permitted to be transmitted through said corresponding light-outputting part and directed to said corresponding first light-outputting zone, wherein said at least one light shade and said at least one elastic element are integrally formed with each other;

a membrane switch circuit member, which is disposed under said at least one elastic element, wherein said membrane switch circuit member has at least one key intersection corresponding to said at least one luminous key, wherein said membrane switch circuit member comprises:

an upper wiring board having at least one upper contact; a partition plate disposed under said upper wiring board, and having at least one first perforation corresponding to said at least one upper contact, wherein when said membrane switch circuit member is depressed, said at least one upper contact is inserted into said at least one first perforation; and

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a lower wiring board disposed under said partition plate, and having at least one lower contact corresponding to said at least one upper contact, wherein said at least one upper contact, said at least one first perforation and said at least one lower contact are collectively defined as said at least one key intersection; 5

a backlight module for emitting at least one second light beam and allowing said at least one second light beam to be transmitted through at least one second light-outputting zone of said at least one keycap, wherein said backlight module comprises: 10

a flexible circuit board connected with said membrane switch circuit member; and

at least one side-view light-emitting element disposed on said flexible circuit board for emitting said at least one second light beam, 15

wherein said lower wiring board further comprises at least one second perforation, wherein said at least one second perforation is disposed under said at least one light shade, and at least one top-view light-emitting element is disposed on said flexible circuit board and inserted into said at least one second perforation, wherein said least one first light beam from said at least one top-view light-emitting element is transmitted through said at least one second perforation, said partition plate, said upper wiring board and said corresponding light-outputting part and directed to said corresponding first light-outputting zone. 20

14. A keyboard device, comprising:

at least one luminous key comprising at least one keycap and at least one elastic element, wherein each of said at least one keycap has a first light-outputting zone, wherein said at least one elastic element is disposed under said at least one keycap and contacted with said at least one keycap for providing an elastic force to said at least one keycap; 25

at least one top-view light-emitting element disposed under said corresponding first light-outputting zone for emitting at least one first light beam, wherein said at least one first light beam is transmitted through said corresponding first light-outputting zone; 30

at least one light shade connected with said at least one elastic element, and disposed over said at least one top-view light-emitting element, wherein each of said at least one light shade has a light-outputting part, wherein said at least one first light beam is shaded by said at least one light shade, but said at least one first light beam is permitted to be transmitted through said corresponding light-outputting part and directed to said corresponding first light-outputting zone, wherein said at least one light shade and said at least one elastic element are integrally formed with each other; and 40

a membrane switch circuit member, which is disposed under said at least one elastic element, wherein said 45

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membrane switch circuit member has at least one key intersection corresponding to said at least one luminous key, wherein said membrane switch circuit member comprises:

an upper wiring board having at least one upper contact; a partition plate disposed under said upper wiring board, and having at least one first perforation corresponding to said at least one upper contact, wherein when said membrane switch circuit member is depressed, said at least one upper contact is inserted into said at least one first perforation; and

a lower wiring board disposed under said partition plate, and having at least one lower contact corresponding to said at least one upper contact, wherein said at least one upper contact, said at least one first perforation and said at least one lower contact are collectively defined as said at least one key intersection;

a backlight module for emitting at least one second light beam and allowing said at least one second light beam to be transmitted through at least one second light-outputting zone of said at least one keycap, wherein said backlight module comprises: 50

a flexible circuit board connected with said membrane switch circuit member; and

at least one side-view light-emitting element disposed on said flexible circuit board for emitting said at least one second light beam,

wherein said backlight module further comprises a light guide plate, and said light guide plate is disposed under said membrane switch circuit member for guiding said at least one second light beam to said at least one second light-outputting zone, wherein said light guide plate comprises plural light-guiding structures, and said plural light-guiding structures are formed on a bottom surface of said light guide plate for guiding said at least one second light beam to said at least one second light-outputting zone, wherein each of said light-guiding structures is a V-cut microstructure, a texturing structure or a light-guiding ink layer,

wherein said light guide plate further comprises at least one second perforation, wherein said at least one second perforation is disposed under said at least one light shade, and at least one top-view light-emitting element is disposed on said flexible circuit board and inserted into said at least one second perforation, wherein said at least one first light beam from said at least one top-view light-emitting element is transmitted through said at least one second perforation, said lower wiring board, said partition plate, said upper wiring board and said corresponding light-outputting part and directed to said corresponding first light-outputting zone. 55

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